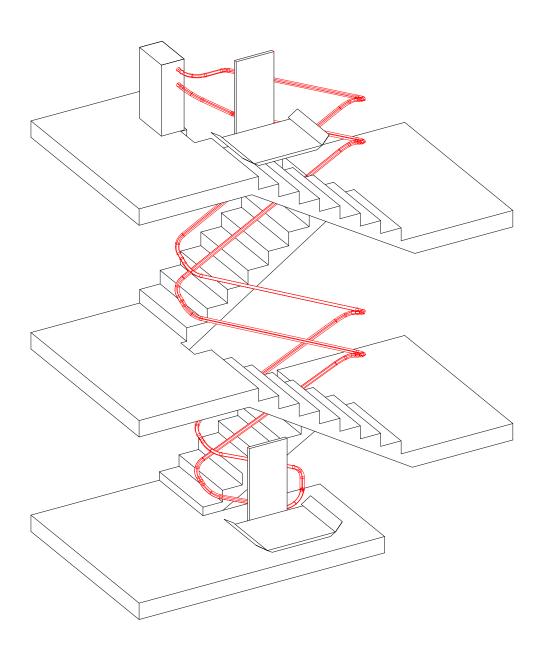


OMEGA-F

Installation Manual



Lehner Lifttechnik GmbH Tel: +43 7278 3514 Austria – 4724 Neukirchen am Walde, Salling 8 Email: office@lehnerlifttechnik.at



CONTENTS

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING POINTS BEFORE INSTALLATION!4
STEP 1. – INSTALLATION OF THE GUIDE RAILS5
STEP 2. INSTALLATION OF THE DRIVE BOX7
STEP 3. INSTALLATION OF THE TENSION AND SUPPORT ROPE SYSTEM7
Installing the tension rope9
Installing the support rope
STEP 4. INSTALLATION OF THE PLATFORM ONTO THE RAIL/ROPE SYSTEM
STEP 5. TIGHTENING AND CONNECTION THE ROPES
STEP 6: ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS17
STEP 7. MOUNTING THE MECHANICAL STOP STATION ASSEMBLY
STEP 8: ADJUSTMENT OF THE LOADING RAMPS21
STEP 9: PROGRAMMING THE UNIT22
Programming the drive speeds - Teach-in mode
ERROR LIST AND EXPLANATION
FINAL CHECKS
EMERGENCY OPERATION
EXPLANATION OF THE ELECTRICAL CONCEPT
DRIVE UNIT40
Drive unit control board
Buttons and Jumpers
Main contactor control board (MCCB) 44
<i>Omega</i> platform lift page 2 of 52

	OMEGA Installation Manual	Edition February 2020			
PLATFORM CONTROL		44			
Platform control board overvi	iew				
Switch positions in the platfor	m				
CONFIGURATION OF THE	REMOTE RADIO CONTROLS	50			
ADJUSTMENTS ON THE PLATFORM MECHANICS51					
Overview of the platform mechanics					
Adjustment of the platform in	clination				
Dismantle the platform floor.					



Observe the following points before installation!

Installation teams must have a general knowledge in

- basic mechanical engineering and providing adequate fixation of the rails and pillars
- reading and understanding circuit diagrams and wiring schematics.

In order to save time and energy, it is wise to be properly prepared before installing the OMEGA-platform lift. The following points will assist in completing the installation efficiently and on schedule:

- Have a complete electrical and mechanical tool kit on hand.
- Check beforehand what fixing materials (screws, anchor bolts, adhesives) are required for the proper fixing of the rails to the wall or the pillars to the floor. These materials are not included in the delivery! The installation company is responsible for the fixing of the rail to the wall or the pillars to the floor/steps!
- Have the correct on-site power supply set up using the correct fuses. The power supply has to be connected to the motor box at the upper end of the rail.
- Assemble a team of 2 technicians to mount the plant.
- Check the packages for shipping damage and missing parts before bringing the lift to the site.
- Open the installation package (which is in the box of the OMEGA lift). Review the enclosed Installation notes, if supplied. In some cases, additional components must be brought to the site.
- Refer to the tube layout drawing and familiarise yourself with the tube configuration.

The following tools will be required to finish the installation successfully:

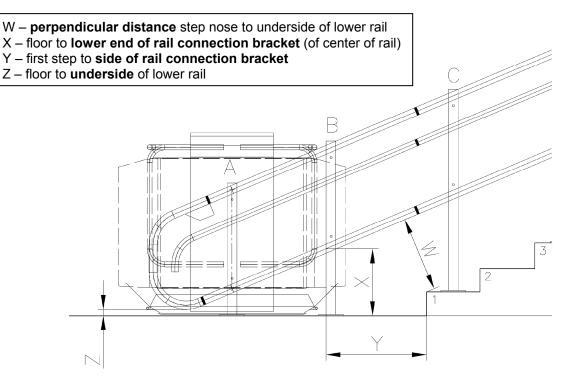
- A complete toolset for mechanical and electrical works
- > Voltmeter
- Drilling machines
- Drills, thread cutter
- Fixing material
- Water lever with angle indication





Step 1. – Installation of the guide rails

• The rail can either be fixed directly to the wall or to free standing pillars that are fixed either to the steps, the side of the staircase or the ground floor. Generally the following important measures are given to start the installation at the lower landing:



 In case of support pillars, these have the serial letters indicated in the drawing that are also stamped on the pillar base plate in order to identify the correct pillar. To facilitate fixing of pillars it helps to provisionally fix the pillars with rope clams.



OMEGA Installation Manual



- Drill the mounting holes, starting at the bottom with Pillar A and working up the system. In concrete, use a 10 mm diameter masonry bit. Otherwise use a dowel and drill a 12 mm hole!. When mounting in wood, use a standard 6 mm wood drill. Pass the lag bolt (screw materials like lag bolts, nuts, washers, etc., are not included in *Lehner-Lifttechnik* deliveryspecification) through a washer, and screw it into the end of a plug anchor. The anchor can then be tapped into position using a small hammer. Avoid spilling dust into the hole.
- Check each connection for damage and lightly grease both ends before joining the tube sections.
 Fasten the connection with the splice bolts and nuts provided.
- Check the clearance dimensions. Ensure that the actual measurements correspond with the clearance dimensions on the layout drawing.
- **<u>Remember:</u>** Vertical clearances are measured from the centreline of the tube (this is also the lower point of the bracket on the railway) to the stair nose or to the floor.
- With the tubes in position, check all splice connections for alignment. Note that the proper fit of the splices is critical to ensure smooth lift operation. When fixing the lift in place, smooth out any misalignment using shims behind the mounting struts.
- On longer lifts some discrepancies may occur. Try to average them out while making a final check for landing clearances, splice alignment and fit.
- With the system in place, check that all struts and support pillars are plumb. Use a water level for this work!
- Clean any debris from the inside of the tubes.



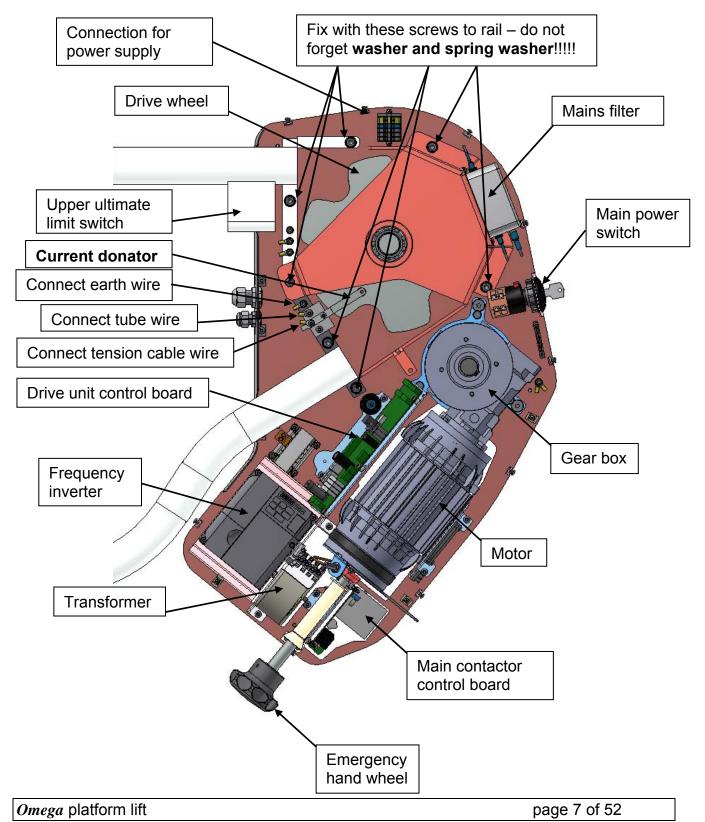




Step 2. Installation of the drive box

When the tube system is anchored in place you can mount the drive box on the upper rail end. Dismantle the cover as shown on the pictures below.

It is important to add washer and spring washer to the fixing screws, otherwise the screws will hit the drive gear tooth wheel in the back of the drive unit.





Step 3. Installation of the tension and support rope system

• Dismantle the mains filter form the drive wheel cover and also the complete drive wheel cover from the drive wheel



• Remove the over speed governor tube section at the bottom of the system and put the complete rope on the bottom close to the upper motor and make sure it does not get dirty.



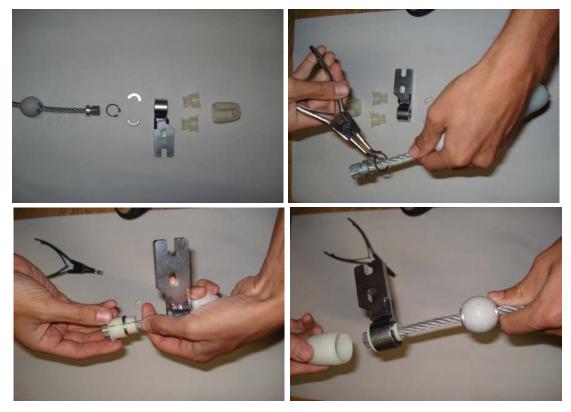


Installing the tension rope

- Start feeding the tension rope into the upper tube of the guide rail. Put as much tension rope in the tube until the cable sticks out around 500mm on the lower rail end of the upper tube.
- The put the fixing bracket for the tension rope on the end of the tensions rope. See the following page for detailed description.



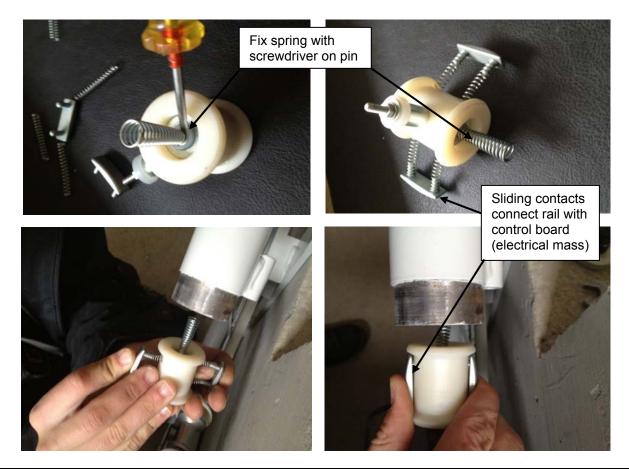
• Put the tension rope support connection onto the end of the tension rope.



• Pull back the tension rope inside the upper tube so that it stops where you want to put the platform onto the rail. The fixing bracket must be a minimum of 810mm above ground floor level.



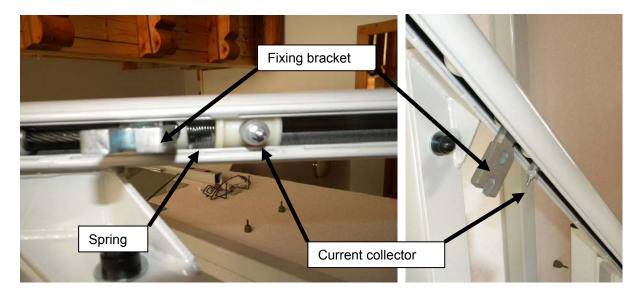
• Add the current collector into the upper tube next to the fixing bracket. Make sure the spring between the current collector and the upper fixing bracket is securely attached to the current collector. This spring is responsible to make the electrical contact between the tension cable and the platform control board.



Omega platform lift



• Please note that there is only 1 spring installed between the tension rope and the current collector! There is not spring between the collector and the support rope!!!



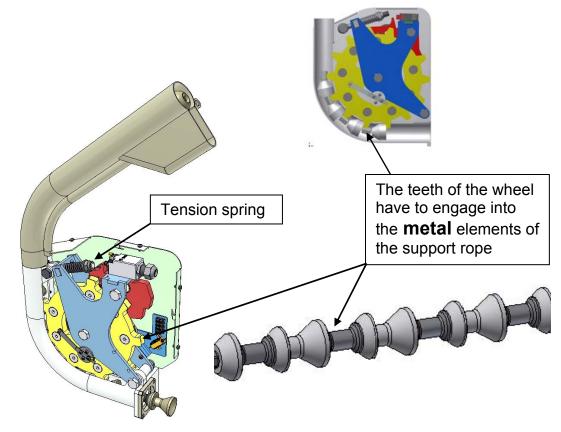


Installing the support rope

• Feed the support rope into the lower tube and make sure the tension rope engages well into the motor drive wheel. Make sure you put some cover on the lower floor so the support rope does not get dirty when it gets out on the lower tube end.

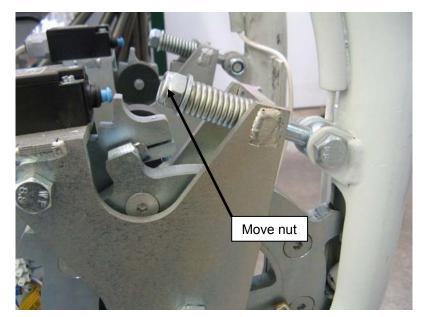


• Enter the lower rope into the over speed governor tube section. It might be necessary to release the tension spring in order to facilitate entry of the rope into the safety gear tube section. This spring later should be set to the same tension again after the rope is installed!





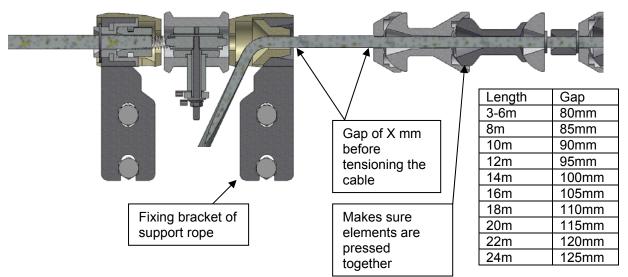
 Loosen this spring – move the safety nut to the end of the screw.
 After tensioning the cable put the safety nut back into its original position.



 Now you need to define the right length of the support rope. Approach the over speed governor tube to the lower rail end to measure necessary support rope element length. Check how many support elements of the tension rope have to be removed so that the there is still enough space for the fixing bracket of the support rope.



 It is important that there are not too many support elements on the support rope as then it is not possible to tension the cable. A gap between the last support element and the fixing bracket of the support rope is ideal. This gap depends on the length of the rail and number of curves and is later reduced when the rope is tensioned! Below a table that shows approximate gap length based on rail length.



• Below it can be seen how the rope system should look before putting the platform onto the rail.



• Add the drive wheel cover and the mains filter again onto the drive wheel. This cover must be fixed before the rope is tensioned!



Omega platform lift

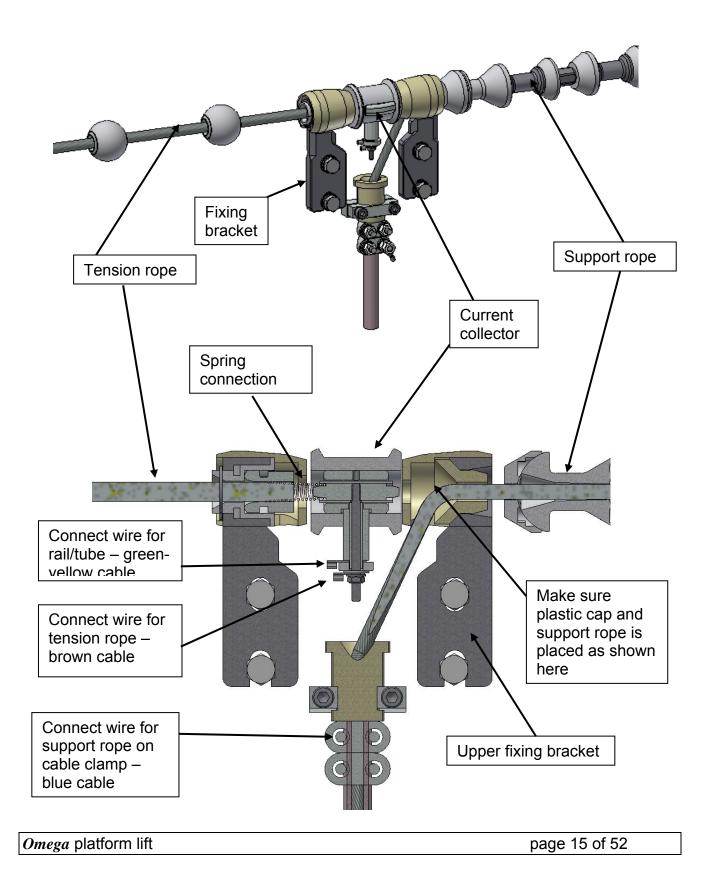
LEHNE

LIFTTECHNIK



Detailed diagram of the rope fixing assembly to the platform sidewall

Please note that there is only 1 spring installed between the tension rope and the current collector! There is not spring between the collector and the support rope!!!





Step 4. Installation of the platform onto the rail/rope system

When the rope system is securely in place, begin mounting the carriage. Complete the following steps:

- Bring the carriage to the bottom of the tube system and unwrap it.
- Remove the conical rollers from the lower carriage.
- Carefully lift the carriage into position, guiding the upper carriage rollers onto the upper tube. Ensure that the rope fixing brackets fit between the bosses of the upper carriage. Be careful not to scratch the paint on the tubes.

<u>Note:</u> The carriage weighs about 90 kg, so two people should install it to ensure safety and avoid damage.

- Tighten the screws that fix the carriage to the fixing brackets of the tension and support rope.
- Install the conical rollers again on the lower carriage.



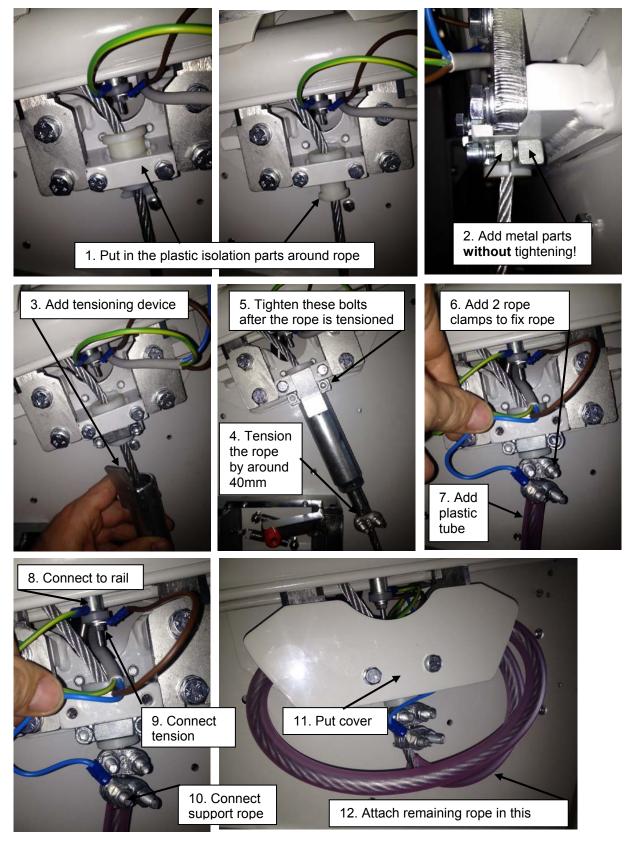






Step 5. Tightening and connection the ropes

Note: Make sure you reinstalled the cover of the drive box before tightening the rope!



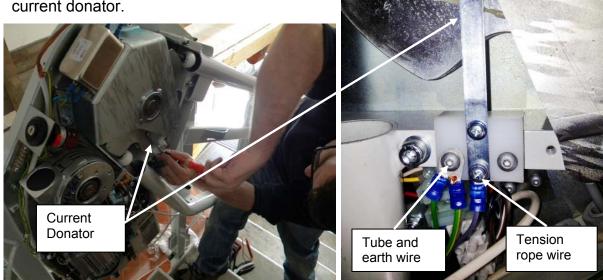
Omega platform lift

page 17 of 52

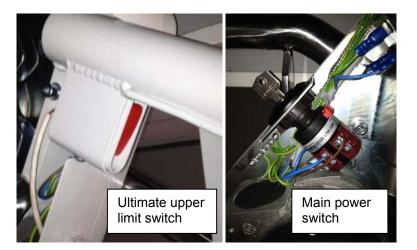


Step 6: Electrical connections

- Connection the tension rope and the rail from the current collector, and the support rope to the platform control board as described on the previous page.
- Connect the tension rope wire from the drive unit control board to the current donator on the drive wheel and also connect the earth and the tube wire to the rail next to the current donator.

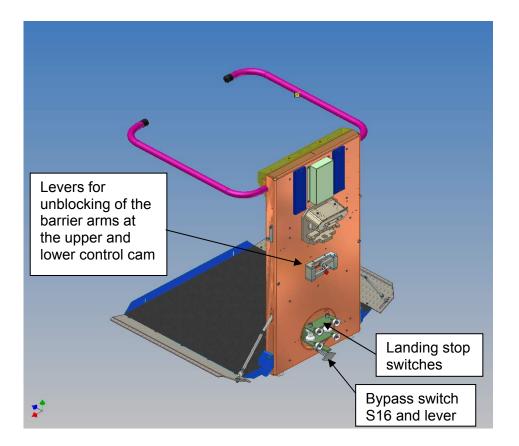


- Connect the upper ultimate limit switch to the drive unit control board – connector name "NESO".
- Connect the on-site main power supply to the main power switch on the drive unit.

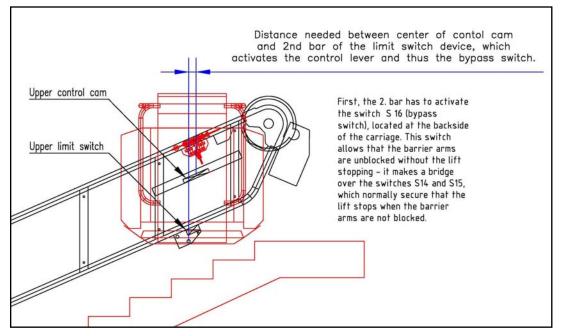




Step 7. Mounting the mechanical stop station assembly



 Adjust the position of the control cam in reference to the limit switch device on the rail. The bypass switch has to be activated <u>before</u> the levers for unblocking of the barrier arms touch the control cams on the rail.



Omega platform lift

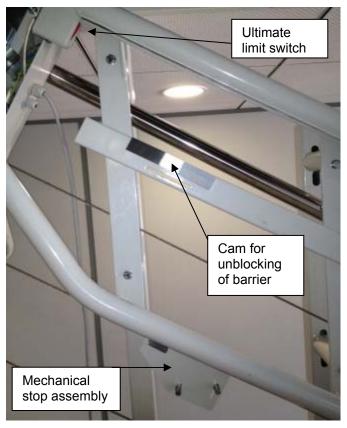


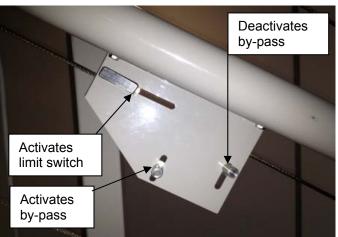
The bypass switch S 16 makes an electrical bridge on the barrier arms safety switches S14 and S15 and therefore allows that the lift remains in function although the barrier arms are mechanically unblocked and electrical safety circuit is interrupted. S16 has to be activated before the control cams start to unblock the barrier arms in each landing station. Otherwise the lift will stop when the barrier arms are unblocked, as thus the barrier arm safety switches S14 and/or S15 are pushed and the safety circuit is interrupted!

LEHNE

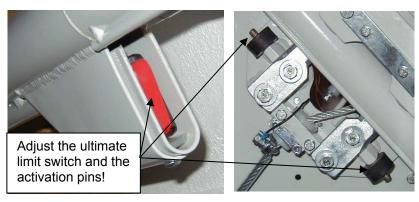
LIFTTECHNIK

- In the upper stop position (and also intermediate stop positions) the platform floor should be at the same level as the landings.
- On the lower landing the carriage should touch down slightly on the bottom with both buffers located on the lower end of the backside of the carriage.
- Run the carriage out of the landings and back again. If the lift does not stop in the correct position, adjust it as necessary.





 Adjust the ultimate limit switch so that it is properly aligned with the activation pin on the cover of the upper carriage. The pin should reach the switch in case the normal limit switch does not work.



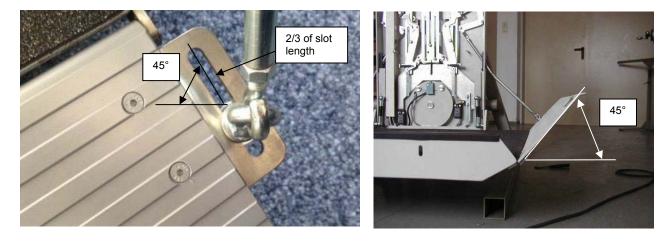


Step 8: Adjustment of the loading ramps

Be sure the control cams on the railway and all limit switches are adjusted before looking for the ramps.

Adjust the ramps to achieve a **45** ° **angle** between the platform and ramp when the barrier is in horizontal position. When the barrier is open, the ramp has to fit to the bottom of the landing area. Also fix the ring at an **angle of around 45**° to the side of the ramp and at a distance of around 2/3 inside the slot. This ensures best operation.

Check the loading ramps for proper operation. In folded and unfolded position of the platform, the ramps are also used as safety pads. When fixing the ramp ensure that it still can be pushed in order to activate the safety switches S12 and S13.



Check the loading ramps for proper operation.

Note: Remember to check travel clearances of the carriage. Do not let the unit run past the upper limit position.



Step 9: Programming the unit

The menu can be used for parameterization, maintenance and fault finding. There are 2 forms of the menu, the extended and the standard menu. The extended menu is used for programming and adjustments during installation. The standard menu is for use during general operation of the unit and allows minor parameter adjustment and fault finding. The switch S1 on the platform control board activates the standard or the extended menu.



Position Standard Menu	Position Extended Menu

Menu item	Std. menu	Ext. Menu	Description	
Language	Х	Х	Menu language can be selected	
Serial Number	Х	Х	Serial number can be read	
Errors	х	х	The last 20 errors that occurred can be read and the lift of errors can be deleted.	
Acknowledge errors		х	This function allows acknowledging an error and thus setting the unit into function again in the landings	
Operation time	Х	Х	The operating hours of the unit can be read and reset.	
Alert output		х	Allows adjustment of the used alert outputs and their frequency.	
Radio version		Х	Allows the selection of the used radio control version.	
Motor config.		х	Allows the adjustment of the motor control parameters including the different drive speed frequencies.	
Options		Х	Allows to programme special functions of the lift	
Teach-in start		х	This start the teach modus for the different drive speed. This can only be started in the lower landing station.	
Current pos	х	х	Read current position of encoder	

Omega platform lift



Explanation of the menu

To enter the menu, both the up and the down directional button on the handset need to be pressed for more than 5 seconds. The display then shows always 2 menu items. The upper item in the display is always the active one. With the upward directional button it can be changed between the main items. With the downward (enter) button an item directory can be entered. A parameter value can be changed with the upward directional button and then be confirmed with the downward button on the handset.

Generally all functions are set according to the order specifications. The only item that has to be adjusted on site is the change of drive speed in the menu item "Teach-in Start". Below all items are explained in greater detail. The standard parameter is hereby underlined.

Language

If the predefined language is not wanted please first adjust the required menu language.

Menu item	Parameter	Meaning	Description
Language	GER	German	Language to be chosen
	<u>ENG</u>	<u>English</u>	
	CZE	Czech	
	ESP	Spanish	
	FRA	French	

Error

20 different errors can be determined and read.

Menu item	Parameter	Meaning	Description
Error list	-	-	This shows a list of the error that occurred.
Clear errors	-	-	Deletes list of errors

Acknowledge error

With this function the present failure will be deleted and the function of the lift will be restored if the error was eliminated. Errors can only be acknowledged when the platform is in a landing station. This can be done either by the use of the menu item "acknowledgement of errors" or with the button S1 on the drive unit control.

If an error can not be acknowledged it means that the error is still persisting. For example if the thermostat relay of the motor is active the error can only be acknowledged when the motor cooled down and the relay is released. The errors with light blue background in the error table above are automatically acknowledged in a landing station!

If the 7 segment display is still blinking and the display still shows an error message then the error is still persistent and cannot be acknowledged.

m II	π
	m li



Operation time

This shows how many minutes the unit was running since the last reset of operation time.

Menu item	Parameter	Meaning	Description
Show op-time	-	-	Operation time is shown
Reset op-time	-	-	Operation time is deleted
			Attention: This should only be done by a qualified installer/maintenance company.

<u>Alert output</u>

A visual signal and an acoustic buzzer output can be defined. These functions can be switched on and off and the signal frequency can be chosen.

Menu item	Parameter	Meaning	Description
Signal ON/OFF	ON	Signal ON	This parameter shows if the visual signal (on contact W1 on platform control board) is on or off during
	<u>OFF</u>	<u>Signal OFF</u>	driving.
Frequency	18	fast→slow	Define the frequency of the visual and audio signal. Frequency is the same for the alert signal as well as for the buzzer.
	9	constant	1 → Fast
			$8 \rightarrow \text{Slow}$
			9 → Constant
Buzzer ON/OFF	ON	Buzzer ON	Defines if audio signal is on or off during driving.
	<u>OFF</u>	Buzzer OFF	

Remote radio control version

2 different versions of remote controls can be defined.

Menu item	Parameter	Meaning	Description
Radio version	1	Teleradio TRX- M-SOR	Defines version of radio control system
	2	<u>Schmidiger</u> T60-RX-WEI	



Motor configuration

The drive unit control board supports 3 different ways to control the motor. The type of control has to be defined in the menu.

The standard control used is type 3 with an inverter. In this case the frequencies for the different driving speeds can be defined in this menu.

	Menu item	Parameter	Meaning	Description
Co	ntrol type	1	Main contactor control	The contactors K1, K2 and K11 will be controlled via the contact X4. This control type works without a FI.
		2	Inverter 1 out of n	The FI is controlled via the contacts XRF, XAUF, XAB, XV1 and XV2. The frequencies cannot be defined in the menu but need to be adjusted directly at the FI.
		<u>3</u>	Inverter with Modbus	The FI is controlled via serial data network cable. The frequencies have to be defined in the menu.
FII	Model	1	Schneider Ativar V12	Defines the inverter type used.
		2	Yaskawa V1000	INFO: Is only possible when choosing parameter 3 in the control type menu item
FH	Frequencies			
	Station run-in	1025	Hz	Speed when driving in and out of a stop position.
				INFO: Is only possible when choosing parameter 3 in the control type menu item
	Curves	1050	Hz	Speed in curves or changes in gradient.
				INFO: Is only possible when choosing parameter 3 in the control type menu item
	Drive	10100	Hz	Speed on completely straight runs
				INFO: Is only possible when choosing parameter 3 in the control type menu item.



Menu item	Parameter	Meaning	Description
Impulse ON/OFF	<u>ON</u>	Impulse ON	In order to use different speeds along the driveway the impulse control must be activated in the menu. Two impulse generators are connected to the drive unit control.
	OFF	Impulse OFF	ON means the drive way is measured and the impulses counted. INFO: If the impulse controls is OFF then the drive frequency for straight runs will be used on all runway!! Is only possible when choosing
			parameter 3 in the control type menu item.
Pulse ratio	15100		Defines transmission from the motor shaft to the sprocket.
	<u>80</u>		See Attachement C.
Fan t-overrun	19	seconds	Defines overrun of the ventilator
	2		
Relay NO/NC	<u>NC</u>	Normally closed	Type of contactor which is defined for main contactor control feedback.
	NO	Normally open	



<u>Options</u>

Menu item	Parameter	Meaning	Description
Opening behaviour	ON	Special folding modus	If this is ON the security circuit on the drive unit will be checked. If this is open the unit also will not fold.
	<u>OFF</u>	Standard folding modus	
Auto-close	ON	Automatic closing ON	If this parameter is ON then the platform will close automatically after a defined time if left open in a
	OFF	<u>Automatic closing</u> <u>OFF</u>	Attention: Only possible for automatic and not for manual platforms
Auto-close time	seconds	Time to fold automatically	Defines time lag for auto-fold
Middle time	Second	Time of middle stop	Time that allows for releasing and pressing again of direction button to continue driving out of intermediate landing
Call open	ON	Call and send the platform when open	If this parameter is on then the open platform can be call and sent by the external hall call stations (when transporting goods)
	OFF	Not permitted	Attention: This option can only be chosen if the entire driveway of the platform is totally visible from the hall call stations.
S Error behav	Value 13		Automatic reset of short circuit error 14 and 15 in landing station
Adv error reset	<u>ON</u>	Reset of error	Automatic reset of tolerance error 1, 6, 7, 8, 14 and 15 in landing station
	OFF		Error needs to be acknowledged
Parkstop	ON / OFF		Set start stop ON to programme
Parkstop start			Start of parkstop drive (for example upper landing stop)
Parkstop stop			Stop of drive (park position)
Parkstop closed	ON / OFF		Allows only to drive closed into park stop

Omega platform lift

page 27 of 52



Programming the drive speeds - Teach-in mode

To start the teach drive the platform has to be in the lower landing station. Now the menu point "Teach-in start" can be activated and the LCD display will show the following:



At the beginning of the teach-in start 2 points are already saved. The point #P:2 is the actual point of the lower landing stop. A virtual point #P:1 is required for the counting of the encoder but does not need to be saved nor to be changed at any time.

Once the teach-in starts the lower landing position is already saved and does not need to be confirmed with the alarm button. Now the unit can be run up with the platform control buttons to the next point where the platform speed should change.

<u>Important:</u> If a curve is located close to a landing station then there is no need to change the speed between the curve and the station. The lift will run with curve speed from the landing station into the curve. Therefore the first point to programme will be after the curve where the lift should start to drive fast.

The platform will drive out of the landing station with the reduced speed defined by the curve frequency in the menu. This is set by default to 25Hz. On the first point where the platform should change the speed it will then switch to drive speed, which is normally set to 50Hz.

To programme a point the lift has to <u>run to the required point and stop</u>. Then the point is saved by <u>pressing 1 time the alarm button</u> on the platform. Then the platform can drive to the next point to programme.

The following points on the driveway have to be programmed:

- Point after the lower landing station after which the platform should drive fast. This point should be located around 150mm after the lower landing station.
- Points before and after a curve, a sharp change in gradient or entry into horizontal drive. (The acceleration and deceleration curve of the FI has to be considered)
- Point before an intermediate landing stop where the platform should start to drive slowly.
- Intermediate landing stop (platform stops automatically in this point)
- Point after the intermediate landing stop where the platform should start to drive fast again.
- Point before the upper landing stop where platform should start to drive slowly.

<u>Important:</u> The drive speed has to be reduced before each curve, sharp change in gradient and entry/exit into a horizontal drive. The speed must be reduced before the stabilizing ball enters into the horizontal stabilizing pipe!

If a point was actually saved it can be seen on the display. There the actual saved point number and position count should be shown. The figure below shows the point 3, which actually is the first point to be saved when driving out of the lower landing station.

LEHNE

LIFTTECHNIK



If an intermediate landing station is saved then after the confirmation with the alarm button a M will be shown beside the point number – see illustration below.:



If the platform is in the upper landing station and the last point was saved by pressing the alarm button it is necessary to stop the teach-in process. This has to be done in the main menu with the menu item: "teach-in stop". If this item is confirmed with the downward directional button the programming on the points is complete and the unit can be run down to test the changing of the speeds in the saved points.

If there is a problem with the teach-in process and a point cannot be saved then one of the following error messages will show on the display:

Display	Description
invalid interval	The platform always has to drive with curve speed (slow speed) into a landing station. Otherwise this error will show.
point too close	The distance between 2 points is too close. It is important to keep a minimum distance of 150mm between 2 points.
invalid teach in	At the end of the teach-in drive the relations of the saved points are checked. If they are invalid this error will show.
rail too long	If this error is shown the total length of the rail is too long. Please contact the supplier.
too many points	A maximum of 40 points can be saved. This number cannot be exceeded.
Same or below p.	The same point has been programmed twice. Or a point has been programmed below the last programmed point. Cause: Wrong direction of rotation; Pulse generators do not work.

In case of such an error the teach-in process cannot be continued. It is necessary to drive down to the lower landing station and start the whole process again by activating the teach-in start item in the main menu!

If on the display a failure code can be seen please check in the error code list for what the problem can be. This failure codes are not related to the teach-in process.



Park position (park position)

CAUTION. Only allowed in countries in which the lift may move independently!

A park position indicates any position on the track. It can be used to automatically send the lift from a stop position (bottom/middle/top) to any position after a certain time has elapsed. This can be useful if e.g.the platform in the stop position restricts the passage too much.

Define park position (park position)

The prerequisite is that a learn trip has been completed successfully. At all times, a park position can be approached only when outgoing from a stop position. To define the starting position the menu item "Start park pos." has to be selected. However, this can only be done in one stop position (bottom/middle/top). Then exit the menu and move the platform to the desired park position (park position). Once there, change to the menu and save the park position by selecting the menu item "Stop park pos." Once the above points have been carried out, the park position can be used.

INFO: There must be no intermediate stop position between "Start park pos." and "Stop park pos."

Conditions for entering a park position

The following conditions must be met for the lift to automatically move to the park position.

- 1. The parameters
 - "Auto-close"
 - "Park pos. ON/OFF" must both be set to ON.
- 2. Valid learn trip completed
- 3. The automatic closing/driving is activated only when it is moved into a stop position with the manual cassette <u>AND</u> a barrier has been fully opened, i.e. the lift was left with open barriers.



Error list and explanation

If during the operation of the lift an error is occurring, it will be displayed as an error code on the 7 segment display on the control boards as well as on the LCD display.

In the following table all error codes are listed. The error code is shown on the LCD display. If the number on the 7-segment display on the control boards is blinking it also refers to an error. The respective number or letter is shown in the brackets (x) next to the error code number in the table below.

An error can be acknowledged by the Display menu, via the button S1 on the platform control or by switching the main power supply on and off.

The following table lists all error codes and their cause or effect. The number is shown on the Display (for example, Error 20). The *numbers* in the *parentheses* are those symbols *that are displayed blinking on the seven-segment display on the drive*.

Name	Number	Reaction	Possible Cause
No error	0 (-)	-	-
Pulse timeout	1 (1)	Only slow ride	Timeout pulses. No pulses from the pulse generator were counted while driving. Causes: Pulse generator defective, cable not connected, FI does not start
Wrong pulse at standstill	2 (2)	Only slow ride	Pulses were counted, although the lift should be at a standstill. Causes: Possibly brake defective, as lift moves, although no ride contactor is tightened
KKS1 contact gets stuck	3 (3)	-	With the short-circuit control relay KKS1, the contact has remained stuck. The relay must be replaced.
Too many points	4 (4)	Only slow ride	The system attempted to store too many points during the learn trip. A maximum of 40 points can be programmed.



Outside the valid range	5 (5)	Only slow ride	The error occurs when the number of pulses reaches an invalid value (e.g., less than 0). This can happen if you push the lower limit switch anywhere on the track and then continue downwards again. Upon pressing of the lower limit switch, the pulse value is set to e.g. 160, the pulse values are reduced and a value less than 0 can occur when moving further down.
Tolerance field error at end stop position	6 (6)	Only slow ride	If, during normal travel, the counted pulses deviate too much from the stored pulse values. The reason may be that the limit switch curves were adjusted after the learn trip.
Tolerance field error intermediate stop position	7 (7)	Only slow ride	If, during normal travel, the counted pulses deviate too much from the stored pulse values. The cause may be that the limit switch curves of the intermediate stops were adjusted after the learn trip
Pulse at stop position	8 (8)	Only slow ride	If during normal ride more than a certain number of pulses occur as long as the limit switch is pressed. Mostly a sign that a limit switch is stuck.
Wrong direction of rotation	10 (A)	Only slow ride	If the pulse generator returns a different direction than the one output from the inverter.
Brake weak	11 (b)	Only slow ride	If the ride command is interrupted and the pulse generator continues to count a certain number of pulses, this is an indication that the brake does not stop the lift correctly.



OMEGA Installation Manual

Motor temperature Fire alarm contact (optional)	13 (d)	Ride to the next stop position	The thermal contact in the drive motor has tripped or the fire alarm contact has tripped (optional). An approach from the stop position is no longer possible as long as the signal is present.
Short circuit between traction rope and tube	14 (E)	Ride to the next stop position, provided that the short circuit is no longer present	This error occurs if there is still a short circuit between the traction rope and the tube after five restart attempts. An approach from the stop position is no longer possible as long as the signal is present.
Short circuit between support rope and tube	15 (F)	Ride to the next stop position	 When a short circuit occurs between the support rope and the tube. An approach from the stop position is no longer possible as long as the signal is present. This error also occurs when the resistor RV on the platform is not properly connected or has a resistance of about 50 ohms. Following error Safety switch triggered → Rocker makes short circuit
SPI timeout drive	16 (1.)	Ride is interrupted	The communication between the PIC microcontroller and the Echelon Powerline module was faulty. Powerline module defective.
Safety circuit	17 (2.)	Ride to the next stop position	Safety Circuit Relay on platform board (KFahrAUF1, KFahrAB1) Contact is stuck.
FI communication	18 (3.)	Only slow ride	The communication with the frequency inverter via the RS485 interface (Modbus) has failed.
Communication with EEPROM drive	19 (4.)	-	The communication of the microcontroller with the EEPROM located on the drive board failed, or memory location in EEPROM could not be written correctly.



OMEGA Installation Manual

Contactor feedback	20 (5.)	Ride to the next stop position	The contacts of the ride contactors (K50, K51) or the safety relay KSK have not dropped off after completion of a ride. Approach from the stop position is no longer possible unless the correct signal (depending on the setting in contactor feedback) is present.
Data exchange between drive and platform board	21 (6.)	Ride is interrupted	Communication via the rope did not work. Identified on the drive side.
WDTO occurred drive	22 (7.)	Ride is interrupted	Contact manufacturer! (Watchdog timer timeout occurred)
SWR occurred drive	23 (8.)	Ride is interrupted	Contact manufacturer! (Software reset occurred)
BOR occurred drive	24 (9.)	Ride is interrupted	This error occurs with a very short power failure.
Internal FI error	25 (A.)	Ride is interrupted	Indicates if an internal error has occurred in the drive. Troubleshoot the error in the FI error list according to the FI display (Page 387).
FI overcurrent	26 (B.)	Ride is interrupted	Overcurrent has occurred at the drive. Check motor or check for short circuit.
SPI timeout platform	112 (-)	Ride is interrupted	The communication between the PIC microcontroller and the Echelon Powerline module was faulty. Powerline module defective.
Data exchange between drive and platform board	113 (-)	Ride is interrupted	Communication via the rope did not work. Platform sends data to the drive and does not get a correct response. Possible Cause: Failure of the voltage regulator (24V) on the drive board due to overheating.



Communication with EEPROM platform	114 (-)	-	The communication of the microcontroller with the EEPROM located on the platform board has failed, or memory location in EEPROM could not be written correctly.
WDTO occurred Platform	116 (-)	Ride is interrupted	Contact manufacturer! (Watchdog timer timeout occurred)
SWR occurred Platform	117 (-)	Ride is interrupted	Contact manufacturer! (Software reset occurred)
BOR occurred Platform	118 (-)	Ride is interrupted	This error occurs with a very short power failure.

If a power failure occurs on the drive or on the platform, this is indicated by information on the display. A power failure on the drive is equivalent to a mains failure (or main power switch off-on). This information is deleted when the stop position is reached.

Power failure at drive

→ Power-off A. (powerloss d.)

Power failure at platform \rightarrow Power-off P. (powerloss p.)

Status display in normal operation

If the ride can not be started because there is no requirement (for example, emergency stop button pressed), it will be displayed on the platform's display during normal operation. Then the display appears, for example: Cause Circuit P. The status indicator is more dominant than an error code, i.e. If there is already an error, it will be superseded by the status display.

The following table explains the meaning of the displayed messages.

Problem (issue reason)	Description	
Contact up	The drive up is prevented by the pressed contact strip or the	
(contact up)	pressed ascent flap.	
Contact down	The descent is prevented by the pressed contact strip or the	
(contact down)	pressed ascent flap.	
Safety circuit P.	The ride is prevented by an interrupted safety circuit switch on	
(s. circuit p)	the platform. For example: Emergency stop, S14 or S15 pressed	
Contact base	The descent is prevented by the depressed contact base, i.e.	
(safety bottom)	the ascent must still be possible.	

Omega platform lift

page 35 of 52



Problem (issue reason)	Description
Safety circuit A. (s. circuit d)	The ride is prevented by an interrupted safety circuit switch on the drive. For example: Emergency stop of a wired outer cassette, emergency handwheel switch, emergency limit switch or external door contact
Safety circuit S. (s. circuit f-a)	The ride is prevented by an interrupted safety circuit switch at the arrester curve, the emergency limit switch or safety switch can be pressed.
S11o	Occurs when driving with the outer cassette and the platform is not fully closed or when the S11o switch has not been set properly (switch S11o not actuated although this should be).
S11p	Occurs when driving with the platform cassette and the platform is not fully opened or when the switch S11p has not been set properly (switch S11p not actuated though this should be).
S11m	Occurs when the actuator does not activate switch S11m. It may be that the switch S11m is not set properly.
S11s	Occurs when a barrier is not in the correct position. That could be when a barrier bar was unlocked. (Switch S11s not pressed although this should have been)
S11u	Displayed when the barriers are opened and they are already fully open.
S33	Occurs when the side flap for the 2nd actuator is not closed properly.
Overcurrent (current limit)	Occurs when the actuator absorbs too much current when flipping. The overcurrent threshold of the servomotors can be adjusted via potentiometers R50 and R63 on the platform board.
in station (in station)	The platform can not be moved because it is already in a final stop position.
not in station (not in station)	Displayed if you want to open the platform even though the lift is not in a stop position.
Overload (overload)	Occurs when the platform is overloaded and the overload switch SÜ1 sends a signal to the controller. An approach from the stop position is no longer possible as long as the signal is present.

If the unit does not work, check on the Display what the error code is shown and see on the above list what this error means. Talk to the service technician and tell him the error code so the correct action for fixing the lift can be taken.

Omega platform lift

page 36 of 52



Final checks

After the installation, adjustment and programming is completed and the lift display shows no errors during testing of all lift functions please check again the following.

Make the following checks before handing over the unit to the client:

- ✓ Check all fastenings of the rail to the wall/pillars and pillars to the steps
- ✓ Check connections of rail parts for strength and proper alignment
- ✓ Check proper fastening of the motor box
- Ensure that the rope is tensioned properly. If it is too loose, it may short against the tube.
- The current donator and current collector system must be correctly connected to the control boards
- ✓ Check clearance of the platform to the steps and opposite walls under full load
- Check function of directional safety switches: safety bottom under pan, loading ramps, landing stop limit switches
- ✓ Check ultimate limit switches function
- ✓ Check barrier arm safety switch function
- Check proper platform position at lower stop under full load; make sure safety bottom is not pressed before lower stop limit switch is pressed and check proper alignment of loading ramps
- ✓ Check barrier arms for horizontal alignment
- ✓ Check all platform functions: Drive up and down with handset (open platform) and hall calls (closed platform), opening and closing of platform in landing stations.
- ✓ Check key switch and stop button operation
- ✓ Check proper fixing and position of all platform covers

If you encounter any problems, please refer to the detailed electrical and technical documentation in the attachment.



Emergency operation

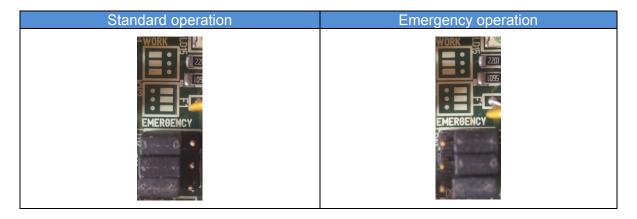
This operation mode is only to be used by trained people such as installers and service men. This emergency operation allows the platform to be used even if safety circuits are cut and emergency switches are inactive.

Important: It is necessary that after the unit has been repaired the emergency operation mode will be disabled!

To activate the emergency operation mode it is necessary to change the Jumper J1 on the drive unit control to the emergency drive position.

Jumper J1

This jumper controls the operation modus. The following 2 jumper positions are possible. Please note that no other than these 2 positions can be active, otherwise the board can be damaged.



If the jumper J1 was correctly changed then the LD23 should be on. If this is on the platform can be moved. But the drive commands can only be given from the external control (radio or hard wired). At the same time as a drive command is given the button S1 has to be pressed. Both buttons have to be pressed at the same time in order to improve the security during this operation mode. On the display the error 113 will be shown when the platform control buttons are pressed.

Important: No security switches are active! The lift will continue driving as long as a drive command and S1 are pressed simultaneously.



Explanation of the electrical concept

The New Omega F system is based on the Powerline technology. Powerline communication (PLC) carries data on a conductor that is also used simultaneously for AC electric power transmission. In the case of the Omega the tension cable is used as mechanical pulling force, AC power transmission to the platform as well as a conductor for the Powerline communication.

The Omega Powerline control is a digital control, consisting of 2 control systems:

- 1. **Platform control board** with platform control switches located inside the platform sidewall
- 2. **Drive unit control board** with motor control and control switches on rail and drive unit.

The communication between these 2 control systems happens via the rope/rail system of the lift.

Characteristics:

Due to the use of programmable micro controls the characteristics on the control can easily be changed and adapt to specific circumstances needed. As the communication between the drive unit and the platform works via a digital BUS system it is possible to transfer a data packet out of 2⁶⁴ possible ones. The secure transfer of this data is guaranteed by the use of the Powerline technology and the applied data transfer protocol.

Additionally it is possible to add an optional Ethernet module in order to allow for remote diagnosis via de internet.

Security concept:

For any drive command a double signal transfer is necessary between the 2 controls. Any drive command always needs to be processed by both control systems, thus ensuring that both systems have to be intact in order to confirm any drive command. Communication is based on the Powerline technology, using a frequency band in the area of 100 kHz for data transfer.

As a second condition for safety components such as the main contactors K1, K2 and K11, an AC voltage signal (50Hz) is required on the tension rope. The control of this signal is given by 2 independent safety relays with dropout check.

In order to allow movement of the platform 2 security conditions have to be fulfilled:

- 1. Communication between the controls via the rail-rope BUS system
- 2. Safety relays have to be active

If there is a discontinuity of the data transfer between the controls or a short circuit of the rail-rope system then the unit will stop, as in this case neither the Powerline signal nor the AC voltage signal can be transmitted.

Therefore, if 1 security system is defect the second will still be active and guarantee a safe stop of the unit in case of a failure.

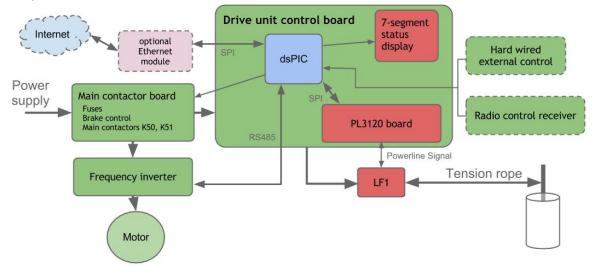


Drive unit

The drive unit is located at the upper end of the rail. Its main components are:

- 1. Motor and gearbox
- 2. Drive unit control board
- 3. Frequency inverter
- 4. Main contactor control board

The following illustration shows a schematic overview of the main communication components of the drive unit.

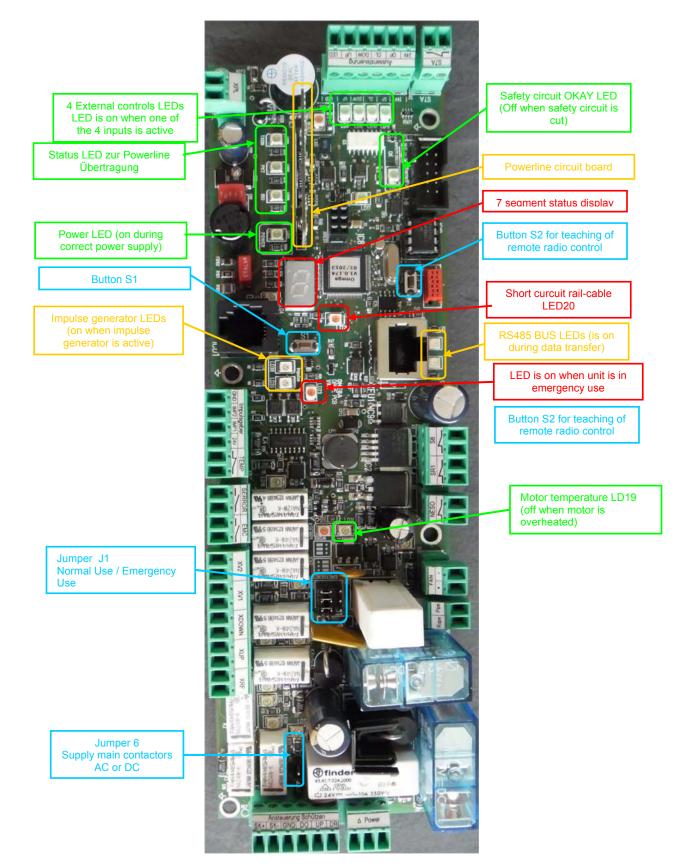


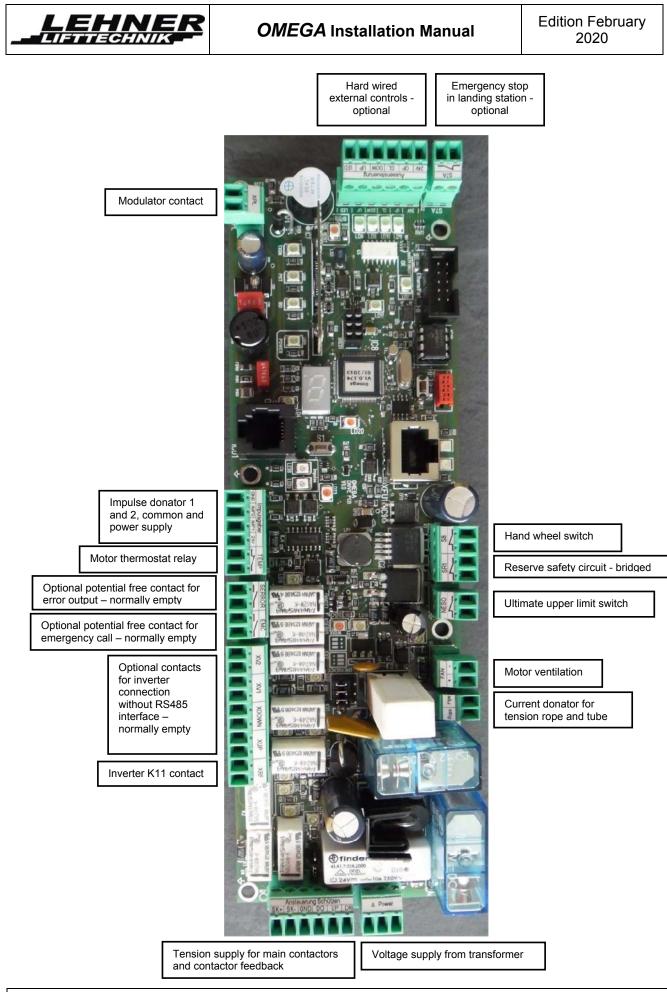
Drive unit control board

The drive unit control board takes processes all commands to run the main motor and also controls a few safety switches located on the drive unit or rail. The main components can be seen in the following picture. The drive unit control has interfaces to communicate with the platform controls via the cable-rail connection as well as to activate the frequency inverter or additional relays.



Overview of drive unit control





Omega platform lift

page 42 of 52



Buttons and Jumpers

On the drive unit control board different buttons and jumpers are located that control different functions as listed below:

Button S1

This button has 2 different functions depending on type of operation modus:

1. Standard use (work modus): Button used to acknowledge failures indicated on display

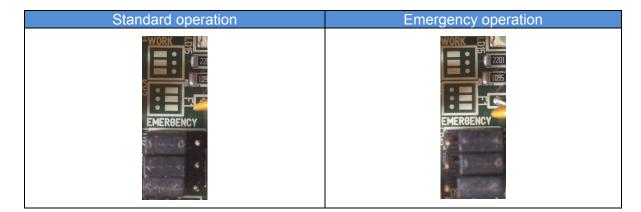
2. Emergency use (emergency modus): As a security measure this button has to be pressed in order to be able to drive the unit in emergency use. See page 38.

Button S2

Is used to teach the radio controls senders.

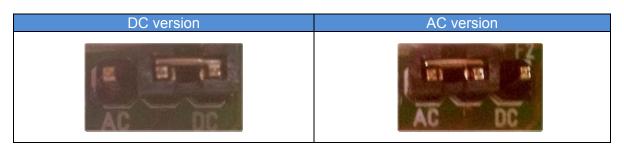
Jumper J1

This jumper controls the operation modus. The following 2 jumper positions are possible. Please note that no other than these 2 positions can be active, otherwise the board can be damaged.



Jumper J6

With this jumper the voltage type for the main contactors can be set, depending on the type of main contactors used. Wrong jumper position can damage the board!

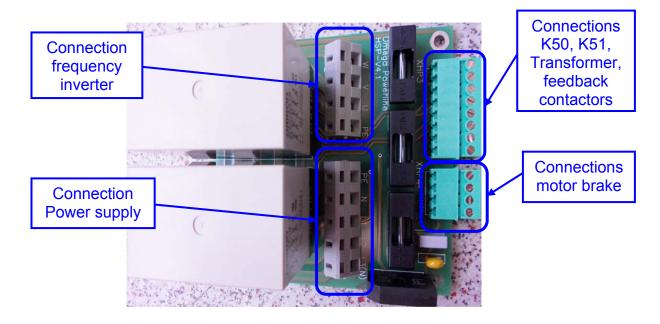




of 52

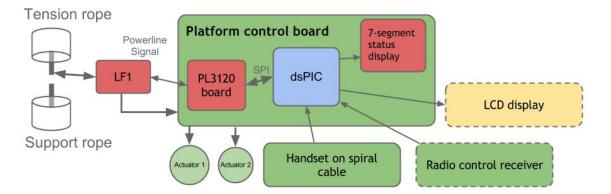
Main contactor control board (MCCB)

The main contactor control board, located in the drive box, is used for the control of a single or 3 phase inverter up to 2,2kW. With the 2 main contactors K50 and K51 both the inverter, as well as the motor brake are controlled. Details of the function are shown in the wiring diagram.



Platform control

The illustration below shows the main communications components for the platform control:

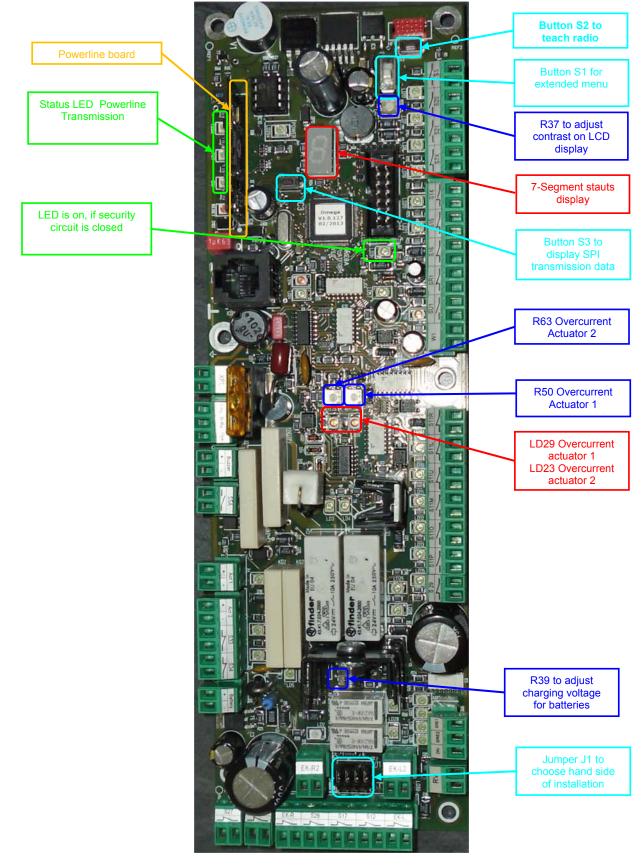


Via the tensions rope the platform is supplied with voltage and information. For the drive commands the user can use a handset or a joystick connected to the platform control. The status of the platform can be seen on the LCD display. A 7.segment display shows the current status of the unit.

The platform control has also 2 outputs to steer actuators. 1 is generally used to steer the main actuator responsible for opening and closing of the platform and barriers. A second one can be used to control a lateral access ramp.

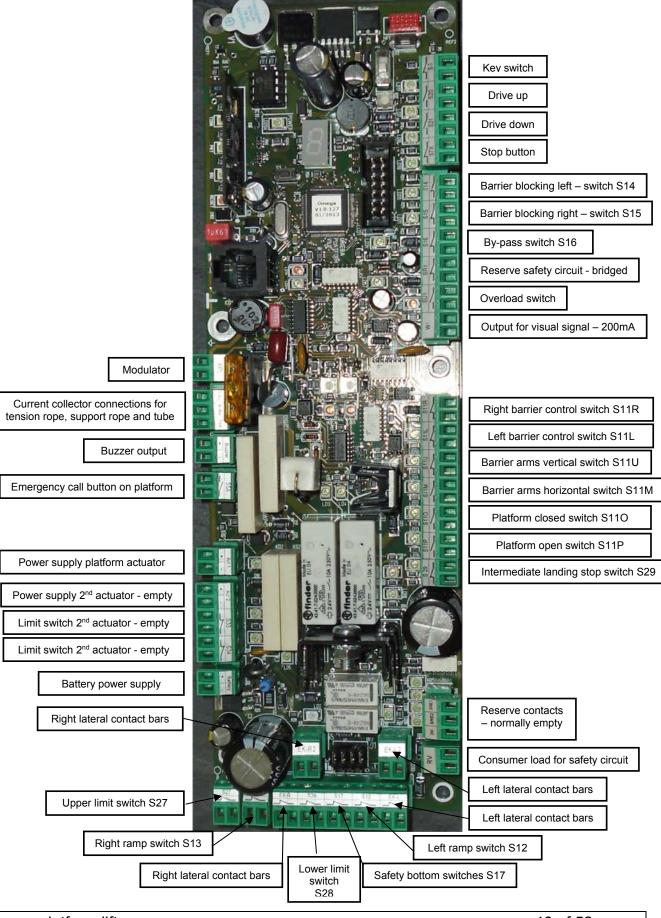


Platform control board overview





OMEGA Installation Manual



Omega platform lift

page 46 of 52



owerline Board		LD1	Status display
LD204 Power		LD17	SS Schlüsselschalter
		LD7	Drive up
		LD8	Drive down
LD201 TX ON		LD19	S7x Stop
LD202 PKT PKT		LD20	S14 Barrier left
LD203 BIU BIU		LD21	S15 Barrier right
LD205 RESET		LD31	Safety circuit closed
LD34 Shortcut between support rope - rail		LD37	Ultimate stop switch
LD24 Safety circuit open		LD16	SÜ Overload
		LD29	Overcurrent
LD23 Overcurrent		LD9	S11S1+S11S2
		LD10	S11U switch
		LD11	S11M
LD3 Relais KÖ1		LD12	S110
LD4 Relais KS1		LD13	S11P
		LD15	S29 switch
LD6 Notruf		LD25	S27 switch
LD22 S33 switch		LD26	S28 switch
LD30 S34 switch		LD14	Lateral contact bar
LD5 Relais KÖ2		LD14 LD33	Landing switch
		LD36	Reserve 2
LD18 Relais KS2			
LD18 Relais KS2		LD35	Reserve 1
		LD35	Reserve 1
	S27 UTS EKA S17 S12 EKA	LD35	S17 Safety bottom

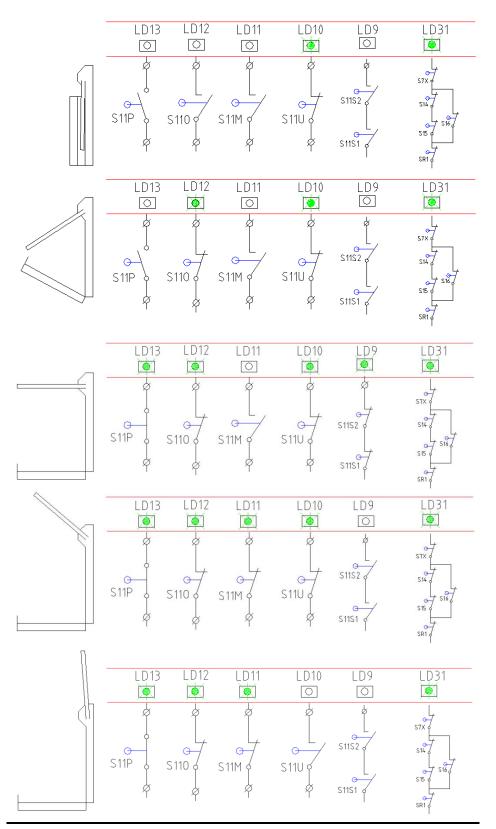
Omega platform lift

page 47 of 52



Switch positions in the platform

The following figure shows the switch positions and the corresponding LEDs of the platform, depending on the position of the platform floor and the barrier.

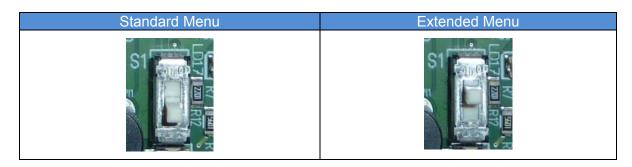




Switches, buttons and jumpers on the platform control board

Switch S1

With this switch can be chosen between the standard and the extended menu. See page for details.



Button S2

With this button the radio receiver can be programmed. See page 50 for details.

Button S3

If this button is pressed then the 7 segment display does not show anymore the status but shows the SPI transmission data. This function can be used for fault finding.

Jumper J1

The position of this jumper defines the hand side of the installation. The rail can be installed on the right or left hand side, looking at the staircase from the lower level. For correct function only the following 2 position of the jumpers are possible:

Left hand side installation	Right hand side installation



Configuration of the remote radio controls

2 different systems are offered for the Omega system. The used system has to be defined in the menu and there 2 different ways to programme the remote radio senders.

Version Schmidiger:

To programme the remotes the button S2 on the platform control board where the receiver is connected to has to be pressed until the LED on the receiver start to blink.

Now the senders can be programmed. To programme a sender the up and down button on the sender have to be pressed simultaneously. Then the LED on the sender start to blink in orange for 2,5 second and then remains on in an orange light and then green light. Now the sender is programmed. Now the next sender can be programmed in the same way by pressing the 2 buttons simultaneously.

To stop the programming mode the button S2 has to be pressed again and the action will be confirmed by the receiver by fast blinking of the LED.

The remote radio controls have different LED status indications. The below status refers to the radio control model TX-OMDE-V-01:

LED status	Description	
Green light	Radio signal ok and drive command is active	
Orange light	Radio signal ok and platform is not driving or folding	
	A reason can be that the platform is driven from the platform control or that a safety circuit is open in the electrical system.	
Red light	Radio signal is ok but the lift is not moved by the command.	
Orange blinking	Radio signal is not ok – there is a disruption	
Red blinking	The batteries of the sender a weak and should be changed	
Green blinking	The sender was successfully connected to the receiver during programming	

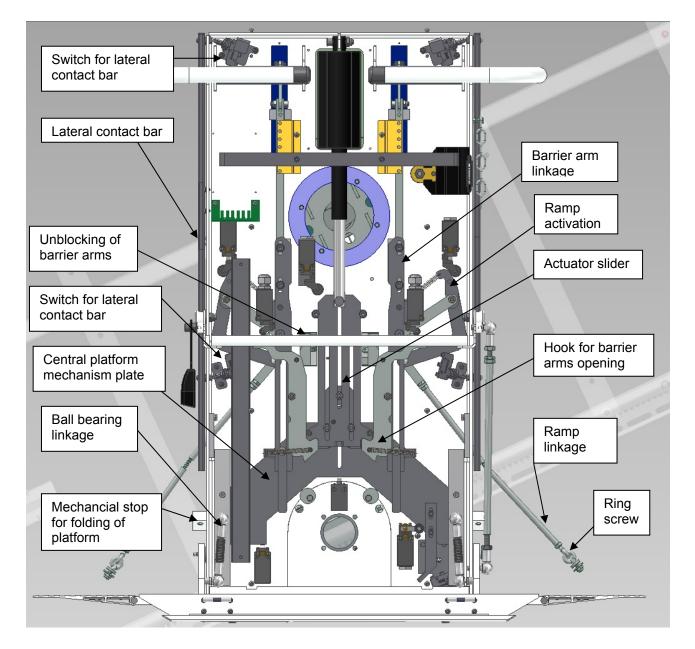
Version TeleRadio:

To programme the remotes the button S2 on the platform control board where the receiver is connected to has to be pressed for 1-6 seconds. After releasing the button S2 the receiver waits for 5 seconds that any button on the sender to programme is pressed for at least 2 seconds. After he receives the signal from the sender the receiver goes back into normal operation mode and the sender is saved. Then the next sender can be programmed in the same way.



Adjustments on the platform mechanics

Overview of the platform mechanics





Adjustment of the platform inclination

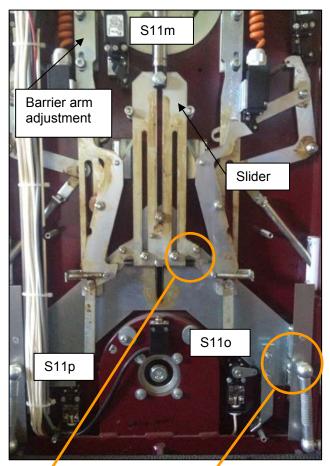
To adjust the platform horizontally, change the adjustment screws as shown in the picture. Check in loaded condition! Counter the adjusting screw with the counter nut after successful adjustment.

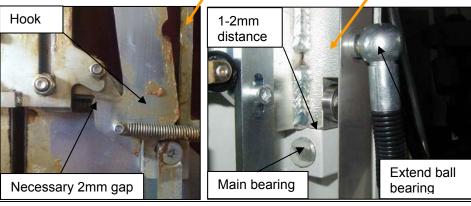
<u>Caution:</u> Check if **both** adjusting screws are supporting the platform!

After changing the platform inclination please check the platform mechanism:

- Between the hook and the slider should be around 2mm gap. This can be adjusted by moving switch S11m.
- S11p must be properly pressed when platform is open (it must click when pressed). Otherwise adjust.
- S110 must be pressed when platform is closed. Otherwise adjust.
- Between the main bearing and the platform sliding mechanism a minimum distance of 1-2mm must be given. This can be adjusted by changing the length of the ball bearing connection between the platform and the carriage. This is important so that mechanical force of the platform in an unfolded position is not directly carried forward to the mechanical parts inside the platform, but rather held by the adjusting screws!
- If barrier arms are not horizontal open the screw shown in the illustration, adjust the barrier and lock the adjustment with the screw again.







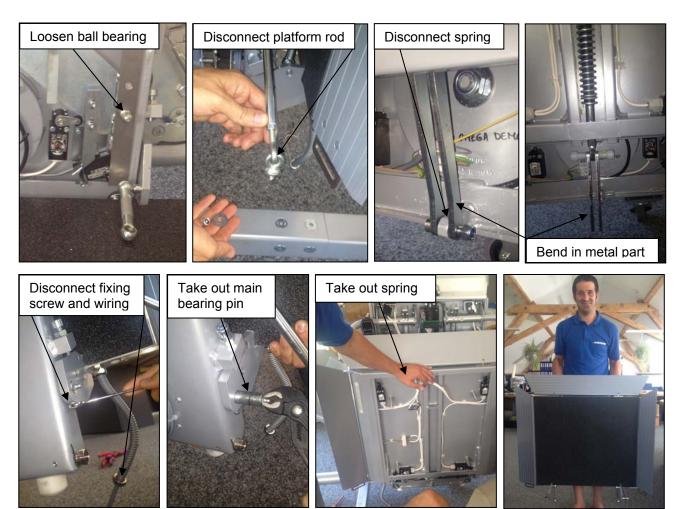
Omega platform lift

page 52 of 52



Dismantle the platform floor

- Dismantle the ball bearing connection between sliding mechanism and platform
- Disconnect platform rod connection for sidewall
- Dismantle safety under-pan of the platform
- Disconnect spring inside platform floor. You might need to manually compress the spring in order to uninstall the connection. Make sure that the connection between the spring and the bearing is correctly put together afterwards. The connection metal parts have a slight bend. It is important for reassembly that they are put back in the same way.
- Disconnect the electrical wiring between the platform floor and the sidewall
- Disconnect fixing screw from the treaded pinhole of main platform hinge bearing
- Remove the main bearing pin and take off the platform floor



Omega platform lift